



HYDRO-ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF MIDDLE MAGDALENA VALLEY ASSOCIATED TO EXPLORATION AND PRODUCTION OF OIL AND GAS. Case Study: Barrancabermeja - Colombia

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Research Line

WATER AND ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING





UNIVERSIDAD
NACIONAL
DE COLOMBIA

Outline

- 1. Background
- 2. Motivation

Supply

Demand

Hydro-economic models

- 3. Research Problem
- 4. Hypothesis
- Objectives
- 6. Methodology



1. Background: Application of Hydro-Economic Models



Conflict resolution

Water shortages and infrastructure development.

- Location: Turkey, Gediz River Basin.
- Model: The multiobjective optimization and heuristic methods with dynamic simulation
- Source: Fedra et al. (2007), Cetinkaya et al. (2008)



Design water pricing policy.

- Location: Rio Grande Basin, New Mexico, USA
- Model: hydrological and economical analysis to evaluate water quality constraints
- Source: Ward and Pulido-Velázquez (2008, 2009)

Water distribution and use

Water Demand.

- **Location**: Neste Basin, French.
- Model: economic optimization.

Source: Reynaud y Leenhardt (2008)



infrastructure

Water supply and expansión of the

 Water preservation and infrastructure expansion.

- Location: Jordan
- Model: stochastic programming model

• Source: Rosenberg et al. (2008)



Ground and underground water use

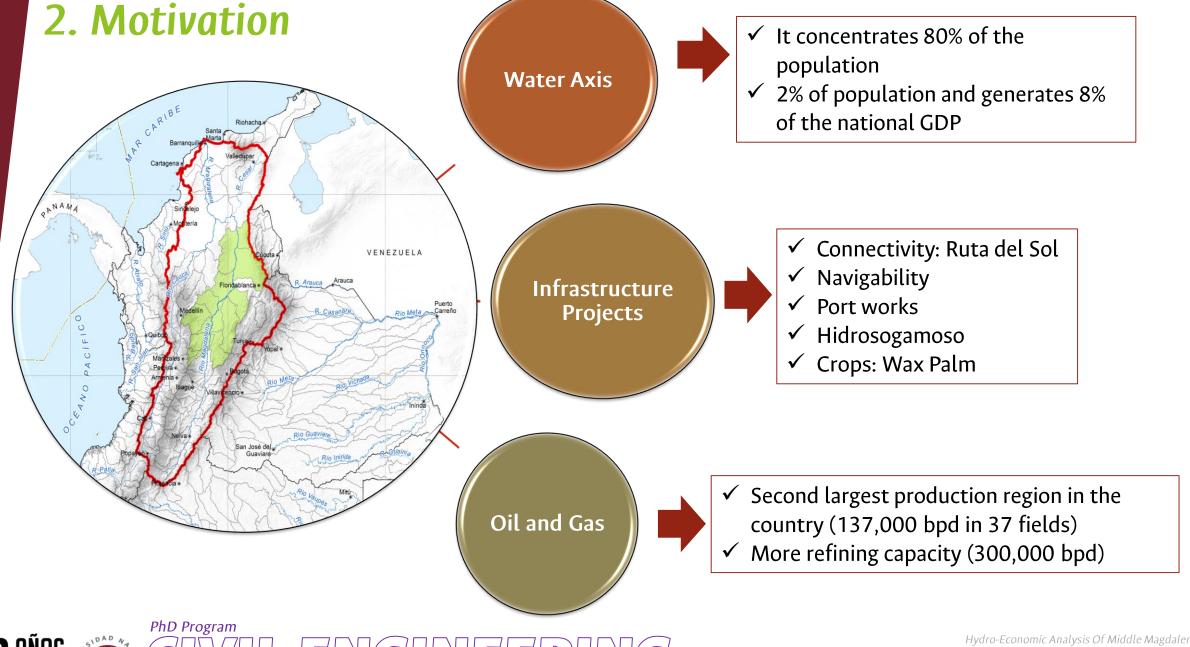
 Optimization of groundwater in an integrated system.

- Location: Israel and South of California, USA
- Model: economic optimization (demand curves)
- Source: Bear et al. (1964), Bear and Levin (1966, 1970), Harou and Lund (2008)





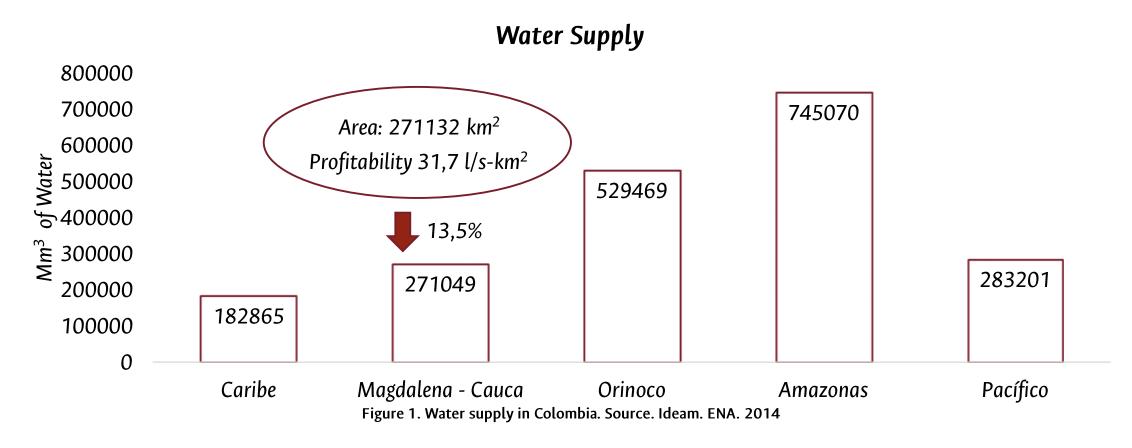








The availability of water resources and variability (Morón et. al., 2013) Water supply in Colombia (Rodríguez et. al., 2015)



- ► Average performance of water in Colombia is 56 l/s-km²
- ► World average yield: 10 l/s-km²
- ► Performance Latin America: 21 l/s-km²





Water Demand Evaluated by: Department and Sector

Total water demand 100-300 Mm³ 500 -1000 Mm³

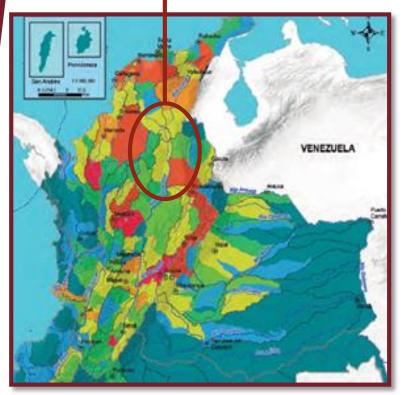


Figure 2. Water Demand per Departament in Colombia. Source. Ideam. ENA. 2014

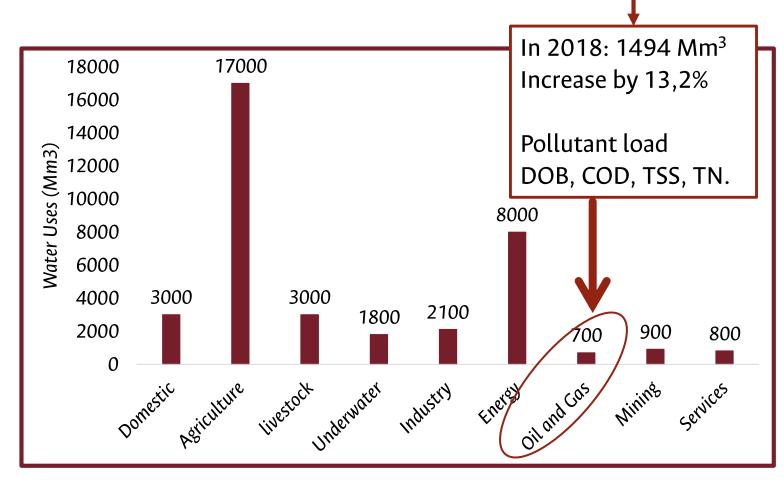
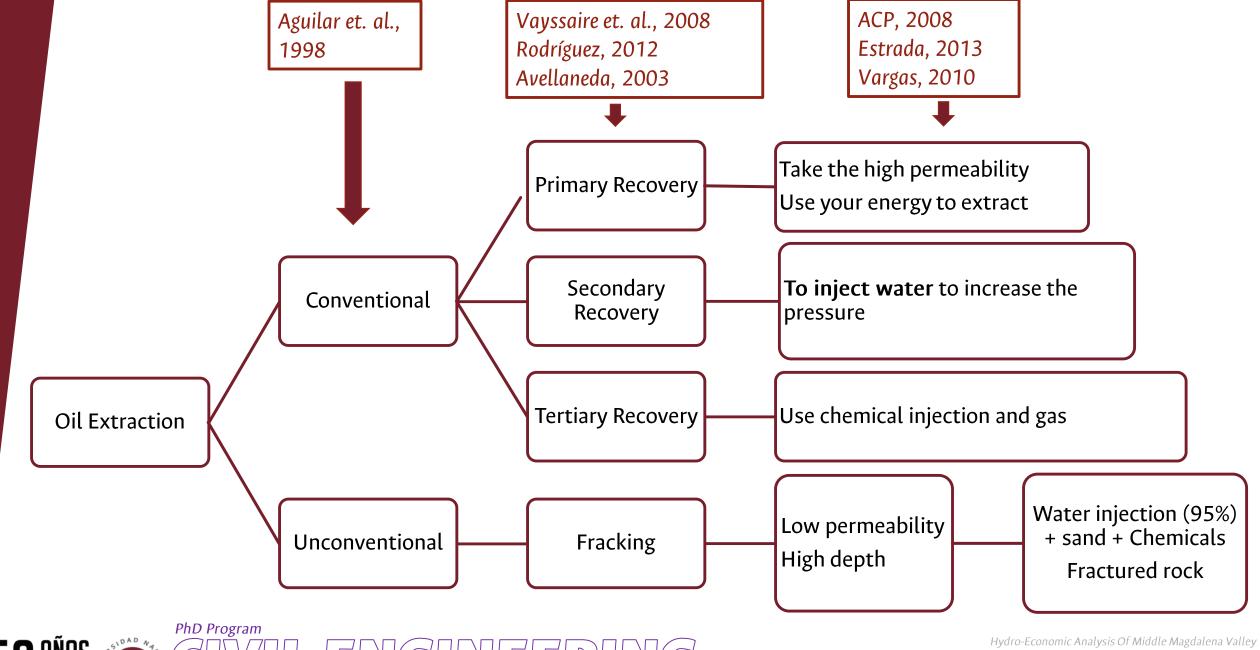


Figure 3. Water Demand per Sector in Colombia. Source. Ideam. ENA. 2014



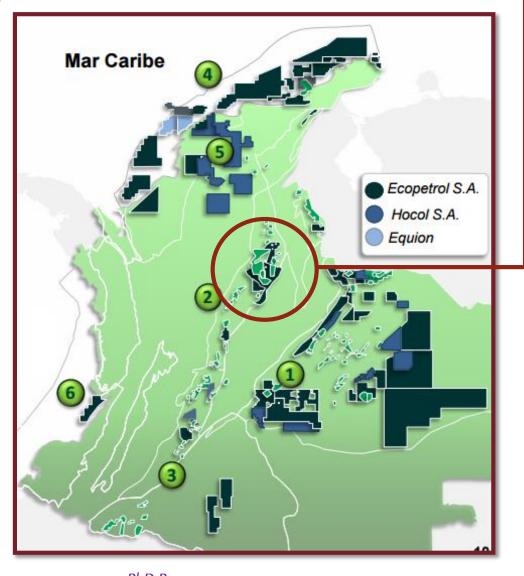




Hydro-Economic Analysis Of Middle Magdalena Valley Associated To Exploration And Production Of Oil And Gas. Research Line

Case Study: Barrancabermeja

Conventional Production



51 Productive Oil Wells

- Plains- Catatumbo
- Middle Magdalena Valley
 - 8 High Magdalena Putumayo
- Caribbean Offshore
- Lower Magdalena Valley
- Pacific Offshore

In 2012 55.6 Mm³ of water were taken out



15%





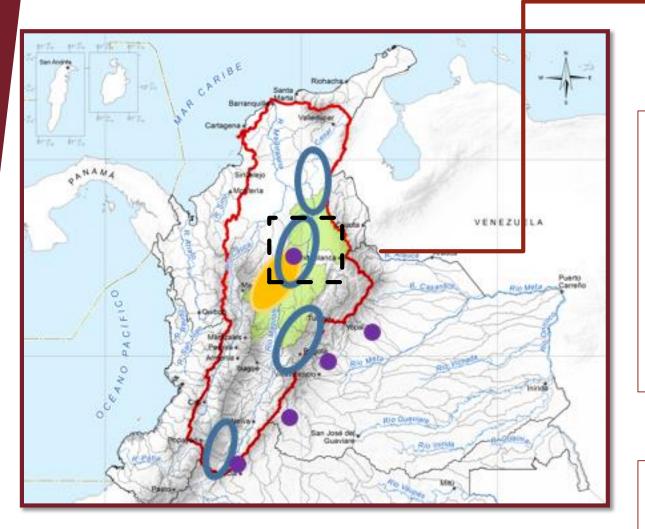








Unconventional production





Ecopetrol's area
of Interest

Oil Auction: Round Colombia 2014

Colombia auctioned 19 wells of Unconventional extraction

Ecopetrol's wells: Coyote, Prometheus, Iwana and Moon. Exploratory: Casabe-K



60 millions L/day per well with recoveries of 15% to 70%





Uncertainty

The scope and manifestations of risk and potential damage to health and the environment

The effectiveness of measures and mechanisms to prevent and mitigate the risks and

impacts

Chemicals used

Colombian State capacities for monitoring and control





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3. Research Problem

IWRM: Water Use

Available Water supply



Hydrologic Conditions:

- 1. Half Year
- 2. Wet Year
- 3. Dry Year

Water Demand

Sectors:

Agricultural

Domestic

Industrial

Exploration processes and production of Oil and Gas

Volume and Quality

To Optimize IWRM

Restrict the water supply and availability:

Ground

Underground

Volume and Quality









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4. Research Questions and Hypothesis

To conceive more efficient management tools in water management should social, environmental and economic approaches be assigned?

Could the economic cost of water be assigned differently to each use?

Is the water use optimized in different sectors if the Organizations make a charge associated with the impacts generated?

Hypothesis: The integrated management approach in determining the cost of water associated with its use is a helpful tool in designing policies for water resource management



5. Main Goal

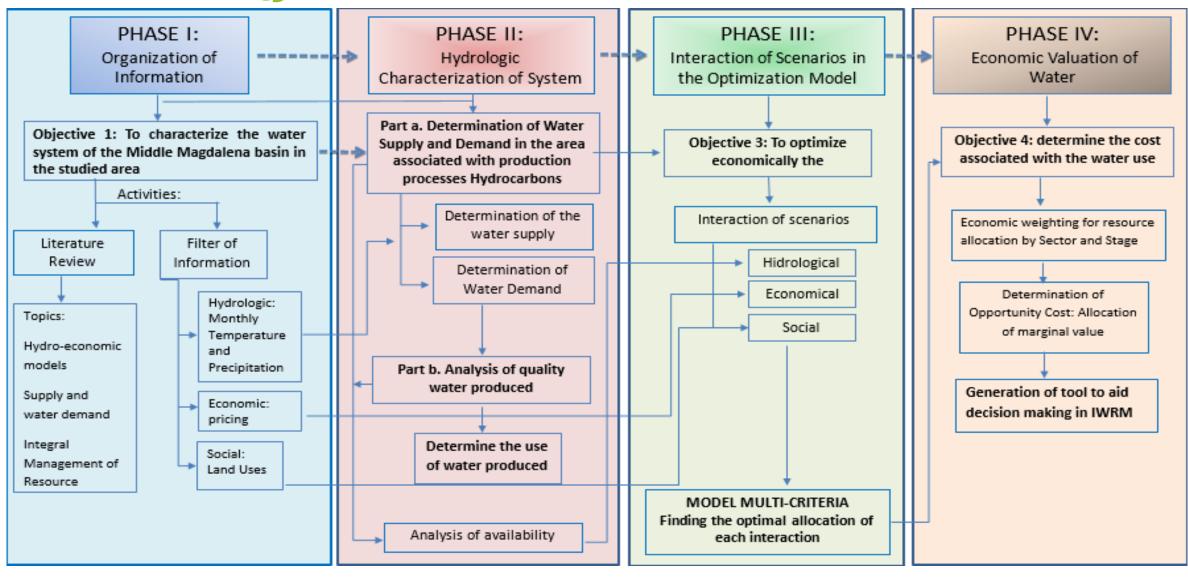
To Analyze hydro-economic strategies Water resources management

In processes associated with exploration and production of oil and gas.

To optimize the use of water resources: Allocation and Prioritization



6. Methodology







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